Senor Sagasta, President of the Council.

Secor Gullon, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Senor Moret, Minister of the Colonies.

Senor Capdepon, Minister of the Interior.

Senor Puigcerver, Minister of Finance.

Senor Groizard, Minister of Justice.

Admiral Bermejo, Minister of Marine.

Although the new Cabinet embraces respect

able talent, it is less strong than it was expected

it would be. The obsence of such prominent

The public is even more disappointed that

Schors Gamazo and Maura were not included.

It was hoped that the former would be Minister

of Finance, and the latter, who was the author

of the first Cuban Home Rule bill, Minister of

the Colonies.

It is currently reported that the animosities

forts, and that he was compelled to omit states

men from his Cabinet who declined to share

Admiral Bermejo declares that it is his inten-

try and to hasten the completion of warships

be. In fact, Senor Moret is the only man in the

new Cabinet who has real political importance.

the aspirations of the Spanish protectionists,

was only 43 years old when he was first ap-

Alfonso, if he had then been able to get h

the General. Sagasta supported Don Alfonso

ed to Maura's defeat rather than surrender

to autonomy are ambiguous enough to indicate that he is in the dark as to what should be done in case it should be found that the establishment of home rule would bring hostilities to an end.

driven out of Cuba.

"It is greatly to be regretted that by resorting to the trick of granting a semblance of successive to the trick of granting a semblance of successive to the trick of granting as semblance of successive the problem of the United States as to the nature of the relations between Cuba and Spain, and thus possibly avert action by the American Government toward the termination of the war. Hy now granting autonomy, Spain could recognize the right which led the Cubans to appeal to arms. They tried for years to contince Spain that autonomy should be given to them and Spain refused to grant it. War came, the problem was complicated, and autonomy, which would have been welcomed by a najority of the Cubans two years ago, ceased to be a so little for our troubles. Independence alone can put and end to the war."

SPAIN WANTS DELAY.

the Arks Engined to Sequest Us to Se Patient

Till the Spanish Crisis is Over.

Syccial Cable Desputch to THE BUX.

LONDON, Oct. 4.-It is understood here that

the Spanish Government recently asked Lord

Salisbury to use his good offices to persuade the

United States to act with patience until the

traders, whose champion is Senor Moret,

that are now in course of construction.

with others whom the Premier was

men as Vega de Armijo, Montero, Rios, Leon y

Gen. Correa, Minister of War.

Castillo, and Canalejas is regretted.

friends of Seffor Sagasta.

SAGASTA'S NEW CABINET. sassination of Premier Canovas, should be overcome and Ministerial affairs at Madrid satisfactorily arranged.

It is believed that Sir Henry Drummond THE MEN HE HAS SELECTED TO Wolff, British Ambassador to Spain, has been FORM THE GOVERNMENT. instructed to promise the Spanish Government the assistance of England if a stable adminis. Moret Is the Only Colleague of the Fremler tration is formed in Madrid, and that important elegrams have passed between London and Who Has Real Political Importance-Gul-Madrid regarding the present situation in ion, the Pereign Minister, Is Not Prominent Spain, especially in regard to the latter's rela--Views of Cubana on the Outlook. ions with the United States.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. WOULD WILLIAM II. AFFRONT USS MADRID, Oct. 4.—Señor Sagasta has succeeded in his undertaking of forming a new Cabinet. A Trustworthy Report That He Wished to Send The Ministry is now composed as follows: an Amesing Telegram to Madrid.

From Yesterday's Staats-Zeitung. BERLIN, Oct. 3.-Germany has been within a hair's breadth of a conflict with the United States, As I have learned from an indisputable source Emperor William purposed, in connection with the intervention of the United States in Spanish-Count de Xiquena, Minister of Public Works. Cuban affairs, to send to the Queen Regent a despatch just as he sent one to the Transvaal President after the defeat of Jameson's free booters. Only the warnings of influential per sons caused the Emperor to give up his singular

The Notional Zeitung publishes a warning against intervention in favor of Spain. "The fate of Maximilian," it says, "should serve to squelch the desire of any powers to push their vay into American affairs." The same journal adds: "But of what use to the international politicians are the teachings of history."

CUBA MUST WAIT.

and jealousies which are so conspicuous in Spanish politics, thwarted Senor Sagasta's ef-No Further Step to He Taken by the President Until the Cabtuet Crisis Is Settled.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.-It was announced to day that the Administration does not propose pledged to appoint. All, however, are trusted to make any further move in the Cuban matter until the incoming Spanish Ministry has settled down to business, and it may be delayed still tion to develop the naval resources of the counlater if a general election is called to determine the sentiment of the monarchy. Meanwhile the President and the members of the Cabinet are reading with interest all Sagasta's Cabinet is not so strong as previous announcements had led many to believe it would the Madrid despatches in the newspapers. They are following every turn of the Spanish political crisis as far as is shown by the press. The President and his advisers are not so The exclusion of Sefior Gamazo and his friends seems to indicate that Senor Sagasta has not anxious as they were concerning the outcome for the promise of the succession of a Liberal succeeded in the difficult task of harmonizing Ministry has given them hope that even if Minister Woodford's overtures do not meet with represented by Gamazo, with those of the free success, a policy of liberality will be adopted by the new Government which will ultimately re Senor Sagasta is 69 years old. He was in the sult in Cuban in ependence. employ of the State as a civil engineer when he entered public life, and he soon climbed up to the highest positions in the Administration. He

Gen. Woodford has now everything in his own hands, although he will keep the President and the Secretary of State advised of what is going on, and, like the Washington end of pointed Premier, a post which he held under King Amadeo in 1871, and also un-der Gen. Serrano, chief of the provisional Government which followed the overthrow the Administration, he will have nothing to worry him until the Cabinet situation at Madrid has been straightened out and the Liberals have fairly started the machinery of government

of the Republican regime early in 1874. He was at the head of the Cabinet when, at the No information of importance has been teleclose of that year, Gen. Martinez Campos prographed to Washington by Gen. Woodford since he presented his note to the Duke of Tetuan, the claimed Don Alfonso King of Spain, just at the moment that Sagasta was trying to reach an un-Minister of Foreign Affairs, two weeks ago. derstanding with the Republican leaders toward His request to make public the text of the note the reestablishment of that regime. Bagasta in order that its friendly tone might serve to yielded to the inevitable; but he once admitted quiet the rising bitterness of the Spanlards quiet the rising ditterness of the Spaniarda spainst the United States was not granted by the Freeident, and since his first refusal, which was considered to be conditional, Mr. McKinley has determined that the correspondence in the negotiations between Spain and this country about Cube shall not be given to the press until in the Chamber of Deputies that he would have had Martinez Campos shot for proclaiming Don and now supports the regency, as he supported it has been transmitted to Congress, unless something unforeseen should occur to make its publication a wise procedure.

The reference of the whole Cuban question to Congress for settlement at the beginning of the coming session is likely to be the outcome of a refusal of the Spanish Government to recognize the right of the United States to come between Spain and her robellious colony in a diplomatic way, and despatches from Madrid indicate that the new Liberal Ministry will resent any attempt at interference on our part. This solution of the matter was mentioned to The Sun reporter to-day by an official of prominence, who strongly hinted that it would be a result of the present negotiations. The President thinks that it would not be proper to print Minister Woodford's confidential instructions, or his note embodying their substance, addressed to a friendly power, without first transmitting the document to the legislative branch of the Government. With reference to the President's refusal, the prominent official referred to said:

"Everybody, I think, knows the substance of Gen. Woodford's representations to the Spanish Government. They were of the friendliest character and contained nothing that resembled a threat. But naturally he made plain the desire of the President for a speedy answer, and, however diplomatic the terms used, the meaning of Don Amadee and the popular institutions in it has been transmitted to Congress, unless something unforeseen should occur to make its 1874; always ready to support what may come next, provided that he is allowed to take turns in power, for he is always willing to sacrifice himself for the welfare of his country.

Has Sagasta been a good ruler! Spain unquestionably owes to him a great deal more than she did to his colleague, Canovas del Castillo, whom all considered to be by far the superior man of the two. Full of restrictions though they are, it was under Sagasta that the laws establishing universal suffrage, the jury, and other developments of modern progress were enacted. The Spanish finances and credit abroad recovered to a great extent as a result of measures adopted by Minister Gamaze under Sagasta is last administration.

Regarding colonial affairs Sagasta has been as backward as Canovas. It is true that it was under him that Minister Maura introduced his bill of reform; but that measure was far from really being a liberal one, and Sagasta consented to Maura's defeat rather than surrender 1874; always ready to support what may come

power.

He now proclaims the principle of colonial home rule, but his definition of autonomy shows clearly enough that, as Mr. Hannis Taylor, our late Minister to Madrid, remarked a few days sgo, the Liberal leader is no more progressive in this respect than Canovas was.

Sagasta's official declarations with reference of the President for a speedy answer, and, how-ever diplomatic the terms used, the meaning of this cannot be mistaken. It would not be proper, therefore, to make public either instruc-tions or note at this time, and neither will in all probability be given to the press until they have been transmitted to Congress."

FOUR FISHERMEN DROWNED.

Den Pie Gullon & Iglesias, the new Minister of Foreign Affaire, held the portfolio of the interior in 1883. There is nothing in him which would make him particularly fit for conducting the foreign affairs of his country at the present critical moment. Thrown Out of Their Bent at North Long Branch by an Accident to the Budder.

the foreign affairs of his country at the present critical moment.
Schor Don Segiamundo Moret y Prendergast, the Minister of the Colonies, is, perhaps, the must brilliant among the Spanish speakers of the day. He boasts of democracy; but, although he has been a Minister over a dozen times, he never did anything to justify his assertion. The law regarding alavery which bears his name was merely the result of a compromise which crippled a really liberal measure urged by Schor crippled as the control of the control of the strongest candidates to succeed Sagasta in the leadership of the Liberal party. He is strongly in favor of free trade, and dreams of a federation of all the Spanish-speaking nations.

Schor Pulgreryer the Minister of Finance, is LONG BRANCH, N. J., Oct. 4 .- By the capsizing a pound fishing boat this morning off North Long Branch four fishermen were drowned. Three others in the boat escaped. Henry Smith. the Captain, and John S. Enns and Andrew Anderson were saved. The lost were George Robbins, North Long Branch, 26 years old; Jos Hertz, 30 years old; Antonio Henricksen, 28 years old; Adolph Persons, 29 years, all native of Sweden. The upset occurred shortly after 6 o'clock within 200 yards from land. Smith's rudder broke just as his boat was caught in the undertow, A determined effort was made to right the boat, but the sea was running so high that it could not be done.

cced Sagasta in the leadership of the Liberal party. He is strongly in favor of free trade, and dreams of a federation of all the Spanish-speaking nations.

Señor Puigcerver, the Minister of Finance, is a member of Moret's faction. He has been Minister of Finance and of Public Works.

Lieut.-Gen. Correa, the Minister of War, recently held the post of military commander of the Balearic Islands. His name has not until now been prominent in connection with any political party.

It was announced a few days ago that Admiral S. Bermejo, the new Minister of the Navy would replace Admiral Navarro in the command of the Spanish naval station at Havana. During the last few years he has held important political states. Capt. Walter Hennessey and crew of six men put to sea at 5:30 o'clock. They reached the 'offshore pound " after a rough trip, and had one-third of the pocket towed when their attention was attracted toward the shore by the firing of a gun. A few minutes before Capt.

firing of a gun. A few minutes before Capt. Hennessey had seen Capt. Smith and his six seamen pulling for the inshore pound with every prospect of reaching it with safety.

"We can't do much, boys, in the see," said Capt. Hennessey," but get together and do all we can to save Smith and his crew."

The firing of the gun and the launch from the beach of a skiff by two men showed Capt. Hennessey that the occupants of the Smith boat were in peril. Before reaching the apot where the boat was capized two oars and a pail were picked up by Capt. Hennessey's men. In the distance two men were seen struggling. They were well nigh exhausted when taken aboard Hennessey's boat. Capt. Smith, aithough dressed with "ollers" and hip boots, succeeded in buffeting the waves until he was about to strike bottom. Then he was rescued by Capt. Hennessey and his crew. Capt. Smith when asked how the accident occurred said:

"We got in the undertow and were upset. I did the best I could toward righting the boat, but everything was against me."

None of the bodies of the missing fishermen Mairid.

Ton Trinitario Ruiz Capdepon, Minister of the Interior, was Minister of the Colonies in 1888 and Minister of the Interior from November, 1894, to March, 1895.

Don Alejandro Gruizard, Minister of Justice, is a veteran in Spanish politics. He has been a Minister several times, most recently from November, 1894, to March, 1895, when he held the bortfolio of Foreign Affairs. It was during the closing days of that Cabinet that the incident of the Allianca occurred, and Sefor Groizard had a hand in it.

The Count de Xiquena, Minister of Public. a hand in it.

The Count de Xiquena, Minister of Public Works, is a man of ultra conservative ideas, and nobody knows why he is training with the Liberal party. He was Minister of Public Works in 1890 and President of the Council of State in 1894. Referring to the possibility that the new Spanish Cabinet might actually carry into effect its promises of autonomy, the Cuban leaders in this city agree that the measure will have no effect upon the general situation in the island. "Autonomy," they unanimously say, "might have sayed Cuba from the horrors of the present war. But now that the country has been laid waste, the men in the field are determined to keep on fighting until Spain is civen out of Cuba.

"It is greatly to be regretted that hy resortbut everything was against me."

None of the bodies of the missing fishermen has yet been recovered.

MRS. RENE STAFFORD MISSING. the Becomps Issaue and Disappears from

Brooklyn Hospital. Mrs. Renc Stafford, aged 22 years, a daughter of the Rev. Dr. A. Stewart Walsh, suffered from an attack of acute mania at her boarding house, 120 Gates avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday morn ing, and had to be removed to St. John's Hospital. It was decided to have her taken to the State Hospital at Flatbush, but she slipped away from the emergency room before the arrival of the ambulance and has not been found. In a general alarm for her sent out from Police Headquarters she is described as 5 feet 4 inches high, and wearing a snuff-colored mackintosi over her dress. About two years ago she was

over her dress. About two years ago she was married to Arthur Stafford, the son of the ink manufacturer, but the couple have been separated for nearly a year.

Mrs. Stafford had a fine soprano voice, and it is understood was ambitious to go on the stage. Her violent outbreak in the fistes avenue house yesterday morning threw the occupants into a panie and disturbed the whole neighborhood. In the first paroxyam of the attack she seized her roommate and exclaimed: "Pray! Pray to Almighty Got. I have a mission to murder—to kill—to kill." It said that for some time she had refused to take any nourishing tood, living almost altogether on buns and chocolate.

J. J. SHIPHERD ARRESTED.

HE IS ACCUSED OF EMBEZZLING \$1,250,000.

The Cleveland Capitalist Brought Up Short by Frank Robinson and a Receiver Appointed for the Big Firm of Charles H. Potter & Co. -Me Beciares that Me Is a Ruined Man.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 4 .- John J. Shipherd, who for many years has stood among the highest of Cleveland's business men, a business associate of Senator M. A. Hanna and a man who on his own boast has handled \$50,000,000 within the last fourteen years, was arrested here to-day by a constable on a charge of embezzling money intrusted to his care. Coincident with the arrest of Shiphord was the placing of the affairs of the stock brokerage firm of Charles H. Potter & Co. of 104 Superior street in the hands of a receiver.

This brokerage firm stood foremost in Cleveland as regards the volume of business of the class it handled. The receiver, Alexander S. Taylor, took immediate possession. The apintment was made by Judge Ong of the Court of Common Pleas upon affidavits and statements presented to him in the case of Frank de Hass Robson against the Cleveland City Railway Company, Mark A. Hanna, John J. Shipherd, J. B. Hanna, Citizens' Savings and Loan Association, National Bank of Commerce, Union National Bank, Euclid Avenue National Bank, and William C. Stahle, which was filed late on Saturday evening.

At that time a petition was filed asking for a temporary restraining order against the street rallway company on the grounds that the company was insolvent, that some of its officers were charged with embezzling funds of the company, that the stock had been watered for the benefit of certain creditors, and that dividends had been paid one set of stockholders in preference to another set. The temporary restraining order has practically tied up the company ever since from doing any business except that of operating Its lines

The first thing this morning the other clause in the petition, that a receiver be appointed for John J. Shipherd, was heard and granted Alexander S. Taylor, a real estate man, being named as the receiver. His bond was fixed at \$25,000, with the Fidelity and Deposit Company as surety.

The warrant on which Shipherd was arrested charges him with embezzlement of the funds of the Cleveland City Railway Company and the Fort Wayne Street Railway Company, amounting in value to about \$1,250,000, the property of F. De Hazs Robison. The specific charges are fraudulently convert

ing to his own use \$183,286,15 worth of personal property belonging to Robison in addition to 112 \$1,000 5 per cent. first mortgage conds of the Fort Wayne Consolidated road, ralued at \$95,000.

In the suit against Potter & Co. Robison alleges that the defendants are hopelessly insolvent; that they owe twenty banks and as many individuals more than \$2,000,000 bor rowed money. He therefore prayed for a judg ment of \$991.761.15 and the appointment of

Shipherd took his arrest hard. He shook and trembled and declared himself a ruined man. In the Justice Court, before Justice Bauder, he said: "Well, it's true that I owe Mr. Robison money

I owe a thousand others, and I have not got a cent. I have made and lost three fortunes, and now, I suppose, Mr. Robison thinks he has rade it impossible for me to ever make any more money. The transactions which led to my arrest have extended over sev eral years, and owing to the magnitude of the dealing and the amounts involved. I am at pres ent unable to make any statement of the amount I owe Mr. Robison. "I received money from Mr. Robison in the

course of our business transactions, but I post lively deny that there was any embezzlement or intention to embezzle. Everything turned against me; stocks shrunk, and the value of my securities disappeared. In the last fourteen years I have done business amounting to \$50,-.000.000

After nine hours spent in trying to get bonds men Dr. W. C. Hopkins and T. Sterling Beckwith qualified in the sum of \$10,000 each and Shipherd was released, to await a hearing Oct. 18. The Hannas refuse to talk. Public sentinent is with Robinson.

WHISKEY SOUVENIES STOPPED.

Manager Aronson Distributed Them, Though Through Checks on a Cafe Near By.

Two thousand small flasks of whiskey wer piled in the office of the Bijou Theatre last night. ready for distribution to the men in the audience as souvenirs. Two boys were making preparations to hand them out when Excise inspectors Callaghan and Boyce walked into the

"I understand that you are going to give out some souvenirs," remarked Boyce to Leander Sire of the theatre. "Yes," replied Mr. Sire, "we've got a little

"Yes," replied Mr. Sire, "we've got a little cold tea on hand; want some!"

"Don't care if I do," replied Boyce.

Mr. Sire handed each a flask of whi-key, which they carefully opened and sampled. After they had taken a drink they looked at Mr. Sire, and callaghan remarked: "Well, you're a good one, and I don't know whether to arrest you or not." Mr. Sire gasped and looked at the officials in astonishment. Then he called Manager Aronson, and they asked for an explanation. Boyce pulled out a copy of the Raines law and pointed to the section which prohibits any one from giving away intoxicating liquor unless he has a license. In the meantime a crowd had collected, and it looked for a moment as if an arrest would be made. Mr. Aronson, however, hastily collected his thoughts and closed the door of the office in which the whiskey was stored. He made fervent promises that the law would not be violated, and the deputies departed mollified and taking with them the samples of "cold tea."

Manager Aronson soon hit upon a plan for keeping faith with the audience. He had the flasks removed to a cafe near by and gave each man in the audience a check entitling him to his souvenir.

CABLE CAR BUNS INTO STAGE. Mrs. Freeman F. Ward, Who Was Getting Off

the Stage, Badly Injured. While Mrs. Harriet Ward, wife of Dr. Freepan F. Ward of 6 East Fifty-eighth street, was getting off a Fifth avenue stage at Broadway and Twentieth street at 3:45 o'clock yesterda afternoon, a Broadway cable car ran into the stage, and Mrs. Ward was thrown violently to the ground. She fell on her head, the back of which was cut open. She was picked up and carried to the sidewalk.

A friend who was with her ran over to Arnold, Constable & Co.'s store, where her brother, Constable & Co.'s store, where her brother, Chundler White, is employed, and told him of the accident. Policeman Branigan of the West Thirtieth street station summoned an ambulance from the New York Hospital and Surgeon Whiting dressed Mrs. Ward's wound. She was taken home in a carriage by her brother.

George W. Walker of 237 West Sixty-sixth street, the gripman of the car, was arrested. C. J. Peterson of 16 West Sixtieth street, A. P. Hinton of 226 Fifth avenue, and John Beard of 22 Park svenue, three witnesses of the accident, called at the West Thirtieth street station and said the accident was due to the carrlessness of the gripman. Walker said he could not stop the carr in time to swoid the stage. essness of the gripman. Walker said he not stop the car in time to avoid the stage.

\$100,000 Breach of Promise Case.

St. Louis, Oct. 4 .- Col. Robert S. McDonald made a motion to-day for a change of venue in made a motion to-day for a change of venue in the \$100,000 breach of premise suit in which he is defendant, his ground being that the plaintiff. Lou Watkins, exercises an undue influence over the Judge, Heldon P. Spencer. McDonaid is a prominent lawyer, advanced in years.

Lou Watkins's suit, filed more than two years ago, has caused much gossip. Both acknowledge that their relations were not of a proper character, but the plaintiff makes charges much like those made by Madeline Pollard against Congressman Brockinridge. The application is set for hearing to-morrow.

WHISKEY BOTTLES IN THE PULPIT. Paster Batten's Exhibit and His Arraignment

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Oct. 4.- The Rev. Samuel Zane Batten, pastor of the Baptist church here stood in he pulpit last night with five pint bottles of whiskey beside the Bible in front of him. He had announced that he would preach upon The Liquor Traffic in Morristown." He had written invitations to every saloon keeper and hotel proprietor in town to be present, and the church was crowded. Several saloon keepers were present, and Sheriff E. L. Durling, Assist ant United States District Attorney Thomas J. O'Brien, Prosecutor J. S. Salmon, and Mayor Edward A. Quale were interested auditors.

"This bottle," said the preacher, holding up one labelled "rye whiskey," "was purchased at a hotel by a 14-year-old boy on last Sunday afernoon. Here's another bought since 7 o'clock to-night at a leading drug store without a prescription. The other three bottles were bought at different hotels on last Sunday. The law is being violated daily and nightly. The Citizens' League has evidence at first hand of scores of violations. This will be at the disposal of the Grand Jury next week. If no indictments folow, we'll know who is to blame.

"This town is fairly alive with gambling. Within a stone's throw of this church a poker game is now in progress. One-third of the boys in Morristown over 14 gamble. I am speaking of facts we know of. We can't fix the responsi bility. Both Mayor and police disclaim responsibility under the present charter. Then let us change the charter to-morrow. However, the impression is growing that the police force of Merristown is hopelessly incompetent or hope lessly corrupt."

The sermon caused a sensation. It is acknowledged that the preacher spoke the truth.

DYNAMITE FOR A DEPUTY SHERIFF. Miners in the Harleton District Try to Blow Up a House.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 4 .- An attempt was made last night to blow up the house of William Kulp, night watchman at the Hollywood breaker. with dynamite. Kulp was a deputy sheriff during the late troubles. The perpetrators are two miners, William Grant Witchie of this city and William Thrash of Milnesville. Only the fact that the ignited dynamite cartridges did not ome near enough to the house where they were thrown saved the building from total demolition. As it was, only a deep hole was torn in the ground and the house was shaken.

The men were caught in the act by Kulp and ecognized by him. He went to Hazleton this morning and procured warrants for them from Justice Laubauch. They were arrested this afternoon and arraigned this evening. They acknowledged having set off the cartridges in front of Kulp's house, but said they did it only for fun and to scare Kulp. Witchie was held in \$1,000 bail and Thrash in \$500. In default of bail they were locked up. The few troops that remained in Hazleton were withdrawn to-day, and it is feared that attempts will be made upon the lives of other deputies.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 4.-The Governor's Proop and City Grays returned from Hazleton this afternoon, and received a cordial welcome. A large delegation of ex-members of the City Grays, wearing badges, escorted the soldiers to the armory. Hundreds cheered the men as they countermarched on Market street. Each member of the City Grays were a miner's cap and lamp. The militia had an informal banquet at the armory, where Capt. A. Wilson Norris acted as toastmaster. Adjutant-General Stowart and Col. Massee were at the station.

GREAT FLOODS IN CHINA. Over 10,000 Browned and 70,000 Homeless Around Pekin.

TACOMA, Oct. 4 .- Advices from China give urther particulars of the great inundation. Sixty Chinese towns in the district about Pekin were flooded early in September, driving out 80,000 people, of whom over 10,000 are estimated to have been drowned. The authorities in Pekin are directing the relief measures, and the people from the towns nearest the capital have been permitted to live within the city rain, which is still falling, and great efforts are necessary to provide them with food. Many citizens of Pekin have joined the authorities in this work. The estates of many Pekin nobles, as well as all the crops in the flooded district. were destroyed.

The rains which caused the floods commenced late in July and continued until late in August. The Tungchou, Tientsin, and other rivers rose very rapidly. Some of them overflowed and wiped out villages along the banks almost before the people knew there was any danger. The magistrates and people in the flooded districts spent several days praying for dry weather. Later the officials at Tientsin posted a proclamation forbidding the slaughter of cattle and sheep in the hope of appeasing the wrath of the gods and stopping the rain. Foreign Con-suls protested against the meat supply being thus cut off, asserting that it was a violation of treaty rights.

EXPLOSION OF ACETYLENE GAS. Three Men Injured, One Having a Fractured

Skull and Losing Both Eyes. ROCHESTER, Oct. 4. - While experimenting with acctylene gas in his machine shop in this city to-day Valentine Long, his brother, Frank Long, and Jacob Fassott, an employee, were injured by an explosion of the tank used in making the experiment. Valentine Long's skuil is fractured over his right eye and he lost the sight both his eyes. It is said at the City Hospital that he will probably die. The other two men are not seriously injured. The tank was a are not seriously injured. The tank was a strange-looking affair, about 2½ feet in diameter and made of galvanized iron, with hands of fron running along the sides to give it strength. It was placed in Long's shop a few days ago by an acetylene company recently formed here, in which Mr. Long was interested. At the time of the accident Valentine Long was preparing to make a pattorn for a n w valve that is used on the tank. A lighted gas jet that stood about three feet above the tank is supposed to have ignified the acetylene and caused the explosion. Fassoit had a narrow escape from instant leath. A piece of the iron from the tank grazed his body, cutting off the buttons from his trousers and making a rent across the bosom of his shirt.

W. H. AINSWORTH MISSING. Has the Superintendent of Dr. Rainsford's

Men's Club Met with Foul Play ? William H. Ainsworth, superintendent of the Men's Club of Dr. Rainsford's church and a salesman of lubricating oils for Miller & Mc-Lean at 28 Platt street, left his bome at 427 West Twenty-fourth sireet last Tuesday to go to the Raritan Hollow and Porous Brick Company's works near Perth Amboy. He did not return that day, and on Wednesday his wife became alarmed and sent word to her brother. He called up the Raritan works on the telephone and asked for news of Ainsworth. Superintendent Rossi of the works said that Ainsworth had not been there. After that the family waited for news until Sunday, expecting that Ainsworth might appear at any moment.

ment.

On Sunday morning Mr. Collett, accompanied by E. C. Carter, the sprinter, went to Perth Amboy to make a personal search for the missing man. They found no traces of him. It is feared that he has met with foul play or been the victim of an accident.

Police Captain Jacob T. Worth of Parkville, a sephew of County Clerk Jacob Worth, was divorced from his wife, Anne D. Worth, by a decree handed down by Justice Garrettson yes terday. The couple were married on Sept. 16. 1894, and Mrs. Worth left her husband two months later. She interposed no defence in the suit. She was a Miss Schmidt. Aribur Somers, not Commissioner Arthur S. Somers, was named as co-respondent.

SHEEHAN WANTS TO QUIT!

SAID TO HAVE WRITTEN TO CROKER OFFERING TO ABDICATE.

roker's County Sinto the Last Straw-It's Al Yellow-Croker Summened to an Executive Committee Meeting To-Day, and Re's Going to Read the Riot Art or to Hear It Read. Some signs fail, but those which were visible

in the Tammany firmament last night all pointed to a change in the Wigwam lendership. and they further indicated that the change night come to-day. Mr. Sheehan is ready to abdicate, for the place has become so uncomfortable as to be almost in-

colerable. It was asserted yesterday Mr. Sheehan sent a note to Mr. Croker announcing his purpose of retiring from the ostensible leadership. The reply to this was a request that Mr. Shechan would wait awhile until the situation could be discussed thor oughly. This was agreed to, and it was decided that the Executive Committee should be called together this afternoon; that Mr. Croker should be invited to attend, and that at that meeting the troubles of the organization should be thoroughly ventilated the grievances and protests of district leaders e heard, Mr. Croker to determine after hear ing everything what shall be done. Mr. Croker consented to the arrangement and said last night that he will attend the meeting this after noon. This will be the first meeting of the Ex ecutive Committee he has attended in years, He has always kept well informed regarding what was going on in that committee, and, through his friends in it, has directed its action.

The outcome of the meeting, it is confidently believed, will be an effort on the part of Mr. Croker to push through the slate for the Tammany county ticket which he has decided shall be nominated. Those who know Mr. Croker's determined character say that if he has set his heart on doing that that he will accomplish it.

determined character say that if he has set his heart on doing that that he will accomplish it. There may be an explosion and Mr. Sheehan may formally retire, but that will make no difference, they say, and Mr. Croker will have his own way, even if he has to resume the active le dership of the organization for the campaign. This, it was declared, is not likely to happen, for it is understood that John F. Carroll is ready to take Mr. Sheehan's place as Mr. Croker's agent as soon as a change is required.

The whole trouble has grown out of Mr. Croker's dictation. He dictated the nomination of the city ticket against the protests of John C. Sheehan and other members of the Executive Committee. Although they recognized the weakness of the candidates chosen — Van Wyck, Coler and Euppert—they deferred to Mr. Croker's judgment in the matter, hoping that the Tammany county ticket would have some material on it that would warm up the rank and file and dispel the frost which the Van Wyck-Coler ticket had brought. Mr. Sheehan and his friends were to be disappointed in this. Mr. Croker's slate for the county ticket was even worse than his city ticket. They had urged the choice of new and popular men. Mr. Croker had insisted on nominating men as a reward for personal favors, through personal friendship, or at the request of the sporting element. All of them are old hack politicians, men who have held place time and again. There was nothing in the ticket to attract anything but curses, and these were showered upon it from every quarter. Those who have had business at Tammany Hall or had to do with Tammany district leaders the past week will certify that most of the Tammany politicians are past masters in the art of cursing. A murky pall encircled the heads of John C. Sheehan, James J. Martin, and the other Tammany leaders at the Wigwam yesterday afternoon. Some of it was tobacco amoke, but most of it was coas words. This was at the time when Mr. Croker's ultimatum as to the slate was received. This is the slate:

For District Attorney—Thomas F. Grady, Mr. Croker's man.
For Sheriff—Bairlok Keenan, Dave Gideon's man.
For County C. R.—James P. Keating, Mr. Croker's man. after Adair, who fied to the town of Flatonia.

Adair gave himself up to officers at Flatonia. mau.

For Register—William Sohmer, provided "them
Dutchmen" will shut up and behave themselves; if
not, Ferdinand Levy.

For President of Manhattan Borough—Augustus
W. Peters. Lawrence Delmour's man.

W. Peters. Lawrence Delmour's man.

There was talk about the last straw and the broken-backed camel when this ultimatum was received, and it was then that Mr. Sheehan signified his intention of retiring, and wrote the note before referred to.

The candidates who were left off the slate were in a panic, and they began to hustle to get their friends on the Executive Committee to stand out against Croker at the meeting to be held to-day. Mr. Croker had had a caucus of his friends in the committee, however, and it was said yeaterday he is sure of his ability to carry his point. He sent for Col. William L. Brown last night and had a long talk with him at the Murray Hill Hotel. Thomas F. Grady was with Mr. Croker at his hotel most of the evening and seemed to be perfectly satisfied with the situation. John F. Carroli, City Court Justice Van Wyck's political sponsor, was also there. Mr. Croker himself was in a particularly happy mood, as if he were greatly pleased with the prospect of again assuming active control of the political machinery of the wigwam organization.

The Tammany city ticket is in the field to stay,

happy mood, as if he were greatly pleased with the prespect of again assuming active control of the political machinery of the wigwam organization.

The Tammany city ticket is in the field to stay, despite suggestions to the contrary. Workmen were engaged yesterday in building the big transparency in front of Temmany Hall on which will be displayed Justice Van Wyck's name for Mayor. Candidate Van Wyck's name for Mayor. Candidate Van Wyck's name for Mayor. Candidate Van Wyck's name for Mayor ottes in the Greater New York. He dined at the Hoffman Homes last evening with John F. Carroll. Later, with ex-Mayor Hugh J. Grant, ex-Licut. Gov. William F Sheehan, and ex-Sheriff Sexton, the candidate and Mr. Carroll went to Delmonico's to talk over the subject of headquarters and campaign work. It was said last night that Mr. Van Wyck's headquarters may be established at the Hoffman House. Alfred J. Johnson of the Thirty-third Assembly district will be in chargo.

Mr. Sheehan and oth rs of the Tammany leaders are impressed with the magnitude of the Henry George movement. Mr. Croker, though, is not frightened in the least by it, and still believes that the organization will march to the polla a solid phalanx for Van Wyck.

There have been many defections from Tammany Hall to the George movement. The first man to go on record, though, is C. M. Sheehan of 210 West Seventeenth street. Mr. Sheehan was elected a delegate to the Second Council district Tammany Convention. He refused to serve in a kter sent to Janes W. Hoyle, the Tammany leader, in which he said:

"I am in favor of the Chicago platform and cannot support the organization that has not the courage to stand by its principles. Therefore I shall support the man who represents the Chicago platform and home rule which means the rule of the people. That man is Henry George. Membership in your organization being inconsistent with the shove statement of my position. I hereby resign from membership on your committee.

There is trouble ahead for Tammany Leader James W. Boyle

mittee."

There is trouble ahead for Tammany Leader
James W. Boyle of the Seventh district, growing out of the nomination for Alderman. Mr.
Boyle has stated ex-Alderman Patrick H.
Keahon for the place. The friends of Patrick
H. Quirk threaten to defeat Keahon if he is

nonlinated. Ex-Police Justice Patrick Divver has put Daniel J. O'Rourke, President of the P. Divver Association, forward as a candidate for the Tanmany nonlination for Alderman in the Tanimany nomination for Alderman in the Second Assembly district.

As Mr. Divver and Mr. O'Rourke are not in favor with the district leader. Francis J. O'Connor, it is reasonably certain that O'Rourke will not get the nomination. If he does not, his friends say that there will be many Divver the tree out for the man who is nominated by knives out for the man who is nominated by

CORNELL FRESHMAN MISSING. Mysterious Bisappearance from Ithaca of Frank P. Parkinson of Brooklyn.

ITHACA, Oct. 4.-Frank Powers Parkinson of Seventy-eighth street, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, a graduate of the Boys' High School and a freshman in Cornell University, on Sunday morning mysteriously disappeared from his temporary residence in Ithaca, 192 East State street, with out giving his friends any knowledge whatever as to his intentions. He ate his breakfast as as to his intentions. He atc his breakfast as usual at his boarding louise, 23 Heustis street, returned to his room, and his roommate, A. L. Wessels, being absent, packed his valles and departed, to go no one knows where. On Sunday night his immediate friends in Ithaca, S. H. Benton, W. E. Phelps, A. L. Wessels, and R. L. Haskell, made a search for him, but without success. A telegram has been sent to his home in Brookly a in order that his parents might be informed of the facts and a more careful search made. At the time of his disappearance he wore a light gray suit of clothes, a light brown overscoat, a dark brown derby, eyeglasses, and brown shoes.

. out a great many business cuterprises. We have been manufacturing heating and cooking apparatus for 50 years, and expect to continue. The Boyaton Furnace Co., 207 and 209 Water at., N. Y.—46s. SIX PERSONS RILLED.

Train Dashes Into a Wagon Filled with Cotton Pickers.

WILLIAM SPRINGS, Mo., Oct. 4.-Six persons were killed and another fatally injured at Dead Man's Cut, three miles north of here, this morn ing. They were in a farm wagon which was struck by a passenger train on the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis Railroad. The trait reached here at 9:30 A. M. with the bodies of the victims. The track curves abruptly on a heavy grade, and there can be no warning of approaching trains save by means of an alarm whistle. A

party of farm hands were on their way to Arkansas, where they intended to pick cotton. There were two wagons. One had crossed the railroad track safely, but the second vehicle was shattered into splinters.

The dead are Philip L. Wooton, Philip

Wooten, Jr., Amanda Wooten, Dera Westen, Mrs. Frances Malbrey and her infant, 4 months

Mrs. Philip L. Wooten is so badly injured that she cannot live. All the members of the party lived in Texas county, Mo. Conductor John Hallaway testified at the inquest that the customary signals were given by the engine before the crossing was reached.

SAVED WITH CLAM TONGS. Young Wicks Was Fished Out from Under the Sloop by His Father.

SATVILLE, L. I., Oct. 4.-Lewis Wicks, son of Henry Wicks, a bayman living here, owes his life to his father's skill with clam tongs.

Father and son were out on the bay on Saturday after clams. The boy stepped upon a clam and rolled overboard. His father heard the splash and rushed to the side of the sloop. Atl he could see was a few air bubbles coming up. He concluded that the boy must have come up under the sloop, and he at once brought his clam tongs into use. He made a deep awoop under the sloop, and felt the tongs fasten on the boy. In an instant he had dragged the lad to the surface. He pulled him into the boat, and after a few minutes' hard work restored the boy to consciousness.

LEO XIII.'S HEALTH. The Report Is Palse That He Is Seriously Ill-

His Health Is Good. pecial Cable Despatches to The Sux.

PARIS, Oct. 4 .- A despatch from Rome to the Depeche Coloniale says the Pope has been seriously iil for three days, and that his physicians fear his illness will terminate fatally.

LONDON, Oct. 4 .- THE SUN'S correspondent in Rome telegraphs that the Pope is in excellent health. His Holiness takes daily walks in the Vatican gardens, and suspended them yesterday and to-day only because it was raining. ROME, Oct. 4 .- Dr. Lapponi, the Pope's body physician, confirms the statement cabled to

THE SUN that his Holiness is enjoying good SHOT HIM DEAD IN CHURCH.

Adair of San Antonio Made Short Work of Man Who Attacked Him at Worship. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 4 .- Thomas Adair of this city visited his old home at Elm Grove yesterday and attended church. During the service he was attacked by Paul Williams, one of his tenants. Williams fired severul shots at Adair at close range, but none took effect. Adair then drew his pistol and shot Williams dead. Two brothers of the dead man started

AUSTIN, PA., IN RUINS.

Most of the Town Burned to the Ground and

150 Families Homeless. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 4.—The town of Austin. Potter county, Pa., was nearly wiped out by flames this evening. The opera house, Presbyterian and Methodist churches, over 100 iwellings, and a number of stores were burned to the ground. About 150 families are homeless

SALVATION MAN'S SENTENCE.

to-night. Loss \$100,000. Capt. Hurdman of Trenton Sept to the County Farm for Street Preaching. TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 4 .- Capt. Hurdman, the leader of the Trenton branch of the Salvation

Army, was taken to the county farm this afternoon on a thirty days' sentence. He was arrested last night with five companions while holding religious services in the street. Justice Jackson this morning fined him \$10. His companions were dismissed with a warning. Capt. Hurdman was unable to pay the fine. The Rev. John H. Boswell made an appeal in behalf of the prisoner. Capt. Hurdman said that the Army was not obstructing the street. Chief of Police McChengy said that as long as no complaints were made he had permitted the Army to hold meetings away from the centre of the city, but recently they had invaded the business streets, despite his warning to remain away.

TO MARCH THROUGH GEORGIA. The Fifth Infantry to Follow the Route of

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 4.-Five hundred soldiers of the Fifth United States Infantry stationed at Fort McPherson will begin a march on Wednesday morning to the Chickamauga National Park, near Chattanooga. Their route will be that of Gen. Sherman between Chattanooga and Atlanta, and the officer commanding the regi-Atlanta, and the officer commanding the regi-ment, Col. H. C. Cook, was a member of Sher-man's staff on that march. The purpose of the tour is to drill the men in manoeuvres of war, and Col. Cook expects to cover the 125 miles in about nine days. A short visit will be made at the park. Sixty men and three officers will be left to protect the fort. The officers will ride horses, but the men will walk every one of the 125 miles.

ROW AT FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE. Richard Manufield's Former Secretary Augry

Charles D. Cochran, former private secretary to Richard Mansfield, kicked up a row in the lobby of the Fifth Avenue Theatre last evening because he could not get free seats to see Manstield play in "The Devil's Disciple." When Policeman Nachbar tried to put him out of the lobby, Cochran attacked him and they fought all over the place. The patrol wagon was called, and Cochran was locked up in the West Thirtieth street station.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 4. Suit was brought o-day against R. B. F. Pierce by his wife to recover \$35,000, the allegations being that she ent him the money at his solicitation and on his representation that he must raise \$15,000 nis representation that he activate the control of the control of Indianapolis National Hank. Pierce is manager of the L. D. and W. Railroad, receiver of the Clover Leaf, and President of the National Headlight Company. Mrs. Pierce also alleges that he secured the note after it was given and refused to surrender it, denying that he ever give it. gave it.

Broke His Collar Bone in a Nightmare

ORANGE, N. J., Oct. 4. Christopher Musier, a West Orange blacksmith, is laid up with broken collar bone, caused by a nightmare. It was a Welsh rarebit that caused the trouble Mr. Musicrate one last night just before going to be l. About midnight he had the nightmare. Jumping from his had he rushed for the door, yelling. "Stop that cart" Mrs. Musicratical to he dd him off, but before she could reach the door Musicratumbed and fell downstairs with a crash that shook the house.

More Trains on the Brooking Elevated.

By the new time table, which went into opera tion on the Brooklyn Elevated road yesterday, the trains are run on three minutes headway during the rush hours and on five minutes headway in the middle of the day. The speed has also been increased from seventeen to twenty miles, an

CROKER DID FOR DAYTON.

AND OH, WHAT A COMMOTION IN THE WIGWAM'S INSIDE!

PRICE TWO CENTS.

beekan and U7 District Leaders Overruled Angry Bayton Men-If the Yellow Dog Ticket Could Ever Win, John F. Carroll Would Step Into Mr. Sheehan's Shoes.

Richard Croker has told his friends, Walter Stanton among them, according to pretty good authority, that he "would rather lose with Van Wyck than win with Charles W. Dayton." Some of Mr. Croker's friends deny this statement, and Mr. Croker himself is quoted also as denying it, but Charles W. Dayton's friends declared yesterday that their informa-tion compelled them to believe that Mr. Croker made the statement, or one which conveyed the same meaning. Mr. Dayton's friends then went on to say that if Van Wyck is elected and Thomas F. Grady is elected District Attorney, John F. Carroll is to succeed, on Jan. 1, John C. Sheehan as Chairman of the Finance Com-mittee of Tammany. Mr. Dayton's friends also said that with Mr. Carroll, in the event of Tammany's victory, in charge of the Grand Jury lists, Van Wyck Mayor, and Grady District Attorney, Mr. Croker could return to England and run Greater New York by cable.

Ex-Postmaster Dayton's friends, it was an certained, are very angry over the treatment he has received at the hands of Mr. Croker and Mr. Croker's friends. They had no hesitation ii. saying that twenty-seven out of the thirty-five Tammany leaders, with John C. Sheehan at the head, favored the nomination of Dayton for Mayor, Mr. Dayton, however, his friends said, is not a man to act as a mere clerk for Mr. Croker, and then they went on to tell why Mr. Croker refused to consent to his nomination.

When the Wilson Tariff bill was up for discussion in the House of Representatives, Mr. Dayton's friends went on to say, Mr. Croker went to Washington and urged the Tammany Congresamen to adopt a line of policy which

was contrary to that enacted by the Democratic caucus of the House. Representative Edward Dunphy declined to obey Mr. Croker's orders, but hewed to the line, according to the dictates of the Democratic caucus of the House. Mr. Dunphy said at the time, it was told yesterday, that Mr. Croker's suggestions were in opposition to the party policy as laid down by the Democratic caucus. Mr. Croker did not, it was added, forget Mr. Dunphy's conduct, and Dunphy was turned down for a renomination in his district.

Mr. Dayton was Postmaster of New York, Mr. Duppay made arrangements with Mr. Dayton to become a member of his law firm, and the firm became Dayton, Dunphy & Swift. Mr. Dayond did not know at the time, his friends fence in taking Mr. Dunphy had disagreed with Mr. Croker on a political measure. In fact, Mr. Dayton thought Dunphy had disagreed with Mr. Croker on a political measure. In fact, Mr. Dayton thought nothing of the affair, his friends continued, but even if he had he would have made the copartnership with Mr. Dunphy just the same, believing that the profession of a law firm had nothing to do with factional Tammany politics. Mr. Dayton was busy with his duties as Postmaster, and he needed Mr. Dunphy or some other lawyer to take an interest in his law business.

But Mr. Croker never forgave Mr. Dayton. Is was said, for holding out a welcome hand to Mr. Dunphy & Swift was dissolved, a little over a year ago, Mr. Croker, it was added, continued to express the most bitter sentiments toward Mr. Dayton, and Mr. Croker's friends, from Peter F. Meyer down, contributed to fan the fame. In 1895 Mr. Dayton's friends went on to say, he was anxious to be nominated for Supreme Court Justice but Mr. Croker's friends, from Peter F. Meyer and Mr. Croker's friends, from Peter F. Meyer and Mr. Croker's friends, from Peter F. Meyer in the Tammany organization of the district. Mr. Dayton, is friends and the family law of the fight in the district was that Peter F. Meyer's men were decided, while the wind was a fire of the fig

Croker and Mr. Sheehan, and portrayed their political and seedal lives in the most savage banguage.

"Mr. Scott," Mr. Croker, Mr. Sheehan and all of Mr. Croker's friends in the pillory of nutbin contempt, and yet Mr. Croker is ready to accept Mr. Scott, the law officer of Mayor Strong. Mr. Scott joined hands with Mr. Strong's friends in bringing about the defeat of Tummany in 1894. There is no vote behind Mr. Scotts organization. It is a paper organization. It is a paper organization, seed to a summany in the contemporary over this paper organization to Tammany, to a maintachin for Supreme Court Justice. The very proposition made to Mr. Scott puts Tammany in a most ridiculous light. It has shirked and dodged the national issues of the party and contends that the fight for Mayor of tireater New York shall be on local issues, and here Mr. Croker is ready to nominate Mr. Scott who, as Mayor Strong's law officer, helped to make the local issues on which Tammany wants to fight. This is a story of venomous spite on the part of Mr. Croker and Mr. Meyer and their candidates on election day."

PLAYED CARDS WITH HER PUPILS. Charges Agninst a Young Schoolmistress of Conduct Unbecoming a Teacher.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 4. - Miss Cora Roy is a school teacher in the town of Ohio, this county. She comes from a town near Syracusa. Recently she played cards with some public in Recently she played cards with some public in the school building, and the residents of the district who do not believe in card playing are endeavoring to secure her discharge.

Trustee Harvey of the district has refused to discharge her, and charges have been preferred against her by the residents for conduct indeaconing a teacher, and to-morrow School Gommissioner Matterson will give a hearing in the case. The residents will be represented by Attorney living of this city and the teacher by George Wirth of Newport.

A \$150,000 Hotel Burned.

Excension, Minn., Oct. 4. The Hotel Lafeycite at Minne onka Beach was destroyed by hire to-day. The building, a huge from structure, was the fluct summer hotel in the Northwest. It cast \$150,000. The fire is said to have caught in the laundry, and as there were no free first in a appliances at hand there was no chance of saiding the suilding. Ing the building.

The hotel was in the centre of a fashionoide assumer village, and numerous beautiful obtages line the shorts of the take near it. The hotel has not paid of late years, and freshold.

J. Hill was considering the advisability of

tearing it down. Mexico Boran't Want Contempla-

CITY OF MEXICO, Oct. i. It is corned on birth authority that the Mexican Government authority that the Mexican covering and other of the Central American countries by almost the formal other mexics. The suggestion results by gratalitous on the part of some my spheres of the United States and Mexica. There is too much of the turbulent and revolutionary spirit is Central America to mix well with the poople of Mexico.